The linked list

EECS 214, Fall 2018

A problem with vectors

| 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## A problem with vectors

$$
\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
\hline 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 7 & 8 & 9 \\
10 & 11 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

What if we want to add 6 between 5 and 7 ?


## Books on a string



## Books on a string



## Books on a string



Nodes and pointers


Nodes and pointers


| car | 5 |
| :--- | :--- |
| cdr |  |

Nodes and pointers


Nodes and pointers


Nodes and pointers


Nodes and pointers


## Inserting at the beginning



## Inserting at the beginning



## Inserting at the beginning



## Inserting at the beginning



## Inserting at the beginning



## Indirection



## Indirection



## Indirection



Now in DSSL2

## Linked lists in DSSL2

\# Link is one of:
\# - node \{ data: Number, next: Link \}
\# - nil()
struct node:
let data
let next
struct nil: pass
class LL:
let head

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { def } \quad \text { init__(self): } \\
& \text { self.head }=\text { nil() }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Linked lists in DSSL2

```
# Link is one of:
# - node { data: Number, next: Link }
# - nil()
struct node:
    let data
    let next
struct nil: pass
class LL:
    let head
    def __init__(self):
    def push_front(self, data):
        self.head = node(data, self.head)
```


## List operations in DSSL2

## class LL:

def get_front(self):
if node?(self.head): self.head.data
else: error('LL.get_front: got empty list')

## List operations in DSSL2

## class LL:

```
def get_front(self):
    if node?(self.head): self.head.data
    else: error('LL.get_front: got empty list')
    def get_nth(self, n):
    let curr = self.head
    while n > 0:
        if nil?(curr):
            error('get_nth: list too short')
            n = n - 1
            curr = curr.next
    curr.data
```


## More DSSL2 list operations

## class LL:

```
def _find_nth_node(self, n):
    let curr = self.head
    while n > 0:
        if nil?(curr): error('list too short')
        n = n - 1
        curr = curr.next
    curr
def get_nth(self, n):
    self._find_nth_node(n).data
def set_nth(self, n, val):
    self._find_nth_node(n).data = val
```

What else might we want to do?

## What else might we want to do?

- Insert or remove at the given position or the end.
- Split a list in two or splice two into one.
- Know how long the list is without counting.


## Keeping the length



## Keeping the length



How can we make sure the len field is always right?

Quick access to the tail


## Quick access to the tail



Which operations are simple now? Which are still more work?

## Doubly-linked



## Circular, doubly-linked with sentinel



## Empty (circular, doubly-linked w/sentinel)



Next time: asymptotic complexity

