CS 211 Homework 1
Winter 2020

Code Due: April 14, 2020, 11:59 PM, Central Daylight Time
Self-Eval Due: April 16, 2020, 11:59 PM, Central Daylight Time
Partners: No; must be completed by yourself

Purpose

The goal of this assignment is to get you programming in C, including simple I/O, separate compilation, and assert-based testing.

Preliminaries

Login to the server of your choice and cd to the directory where you keep your CS 211 work. Then download and unarchive the starter code, and change into the project directory:

```
% cd cs211
% curl $HW211/hw01.tgz | tar zvxf
```
% cd hw01

You can check that you have correctly downloaded and configured everything by building and running the tests:

```
% make test
cc -c -o test/test_circle.o test/test_circle.c -std=c...
cc -c -o src/circle.o src/circle.c -std=c11 -pedantic...
cc -o test_circle test/test_circle.o src/circle.o -std=c11 -pedantic...
./test_circle
   test_tangent... ok.
   test_not_overlapped... ok.
%
```

The build and tests should complete successfully. This doesn’t mean that the code is correct, but that the tests are inadequate.

Orientation

In this project, you will write:

- a tiny computational geometry library (src/circle.h and src/circle.c),
- a tiny client program that uses it (src/overlapped.c), and
- some tests for the library (test/test_circle.c).

This homework assignment must be completed on Linux by logging into a Linux server or one of the Wilkinson Lab machines. Each time you login to work on CS 211, you need to run the dev command (as set up in Lab 1).
Type definitions and function signatures for the library are provided for you in src/circle.h; since the grading tests expect to interface with your code via this header file, you must not modify src/circle.h in any way. All of your code will be written in the three .c files. This multife file setup mirrors the structure discussed in Lecture 3, so you may want to refer to those slides for reference.

Make targets

The project also provides a Makefile with several targets:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>target</th>
<th>description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>all</td>
<td>builds everything * &amp;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>test</td>
<td>builds and runs the tests &amp;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>test_circle</td>
<td>builds (but doesn’t run) the tests</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>overlapped</td>
<td>builds the client program</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>clean</td>
<td>removes all build products &amp;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* default & phony

Specifications

The project comprises two functional components, which are specified in the next two subsections.

The circle library

The circle library defines one struct type and three functions, as follows:

- The circle structure type represents a circle positioned on a Euclidean plane in terms its center (x and y coordinates) and its radius.

- Function valid_circle(struct circle c) returns a bool indicating whether circle c is valid. A circle is valid if and only if its radius is positive.

- Function read_circle(void) parses a struct circle from the standard input and returns it. It should expect the values of the three fields in order: x, y, radius.

  Exceptional cases: The returned circle must be fully initialized even if scanf() fails due to bad or end of input. If the input ends or is malformed, read_circle() returns a circle with center (0.0, 0.0) and radius -1.0.

- Function overlapped_circles(struct circle, struct circle) returns a bool indicating whether the two given circles overlap.
Circles are considered to overlap only if they contain some area in common, not if they are merely tangent to each other.

The overlapped client program

The overlapped client program reads a first ("target") circle. If there is an error in reading the target circle, the program terminates with an exit code of 1 to indicate an error.

Then the program reads as many subsequent ("candidate") circles as are provided by the user; for each valid circle read after the target circle, it prints "overlapped\n" if the candidate circle overlaps the target, or "not_overlapped\n" if not. If the program reads an invalid candidate circle, then it terminates with an exit code of 0 to indicate success, printing nothing.

The program does not print anything else.

Here are two examples of running overlapped:

```
% ./overlapped
0 0 5
0 2 1
overlapped
0 10 1
not overlapped
2020 211 -1
%
```

```
% ./overlapped
1 0 1
0 1 0.4
not overlapped
0 1 0.41
not overlapped
0 1 0.414
not overlapped
0 1 0.415
overlapped
1 -1 0.415
overlapped
-2020 -211 -2
%
```

Hints

Definition of overlap for circles

Two circles overlap if the distance between their centers is less than the sum of their radii.

Strategy for the read_circle function

First define a struct circle variable, without initializer, to hold the function’s result. Then, try to initialize its three fields using scanf(). If scanf() is unable to convert all three doubles as indicated by its result

It’s a bug if your output differs from the specification.

Reading documentation effectively can depend on understanding typesetting conventions. In the transcripts on the left, the bold text is what the user types, and the medium weight text is what the computer responds with. Your actual prompt will probably differ from %, which is a convention for printing Unix shell prompts in documentation.

You don’t need sqrt() to do this, because this statement is equivalent: Two circles overlap if the square of the distance between their centers is less than the square of the sum of their radii.
value, then initialize the struct circle to the invalid state \((0.0, 0.0, -1.0)\) instead (per the specification above). Then, whether or not the input succeeded, return the struct circle.

Algorithm for the overlapped program

Here is an algorithm you can use in src/overlapped.c:

1. Define a struct circle variable to hold the target circle, and initialize it to the result of calling read_circle().

2. If the target circle is invalid according to valid_circle(), exit with an error code of 1.

3. Repeat indefinitely:
   (a) Define a struct circle variable to hold the candidate circle, and initialize it to the result of calling read_circle().
   (b) If the candidate circle is invalid according to valid_circle(), exit with an error code of 0.
   (c) Use overlapped_circles() in the condition of an if-else statement to check whether the target circle overlaps the candidate circle and print the correct message in either case.

To get an infinite loop that repeats some statements, use a for loop with empty condition:

```c
for (;;) {
    // Statements to repeat go here.
}
```

Deliverables and evaluation

For this homework you must:

1. Implement the specification for the circle library from the previous section in src/circle.c.

2. Implement the specification for the overlapped client program from the previous section in src/overlapped.c.

3. Add more test cases for the overlapped_circles function provided by the circle library in test/test_circle.c.

   In particular, file test/test_circle.c already contains two test cases, test_tangent and test_not_overlapped, both of which are called from main. Your job is to add two more test cases, demonstrating that:

From main, exiting can be accomplished by returning the desired error code, but to exit from another function one must call the exit(3) function.

(Note that the “3” in exit(3) is not the argument you should pass, but the section of the Unix manual system where documentation for the exit function is found. To see why this matters, compare the result of running man exit with the result of running man 3 exit.)
• overlapped_circles returns true given different but overlapping circles, and
• overlapped_circles returns true given the same circle for both arguments.

Grading will be based on:

• the correctness of your implementations with respect to the specifications,
• the presence of the two required test cases, and
• adherance to the CS 211 Style Manual.

Submission

Homework submission and grading will use the GSC grading server. You must include any files that you create or change. For this homework, that will include src/circle.c, src/overlapped.c, and test/test_circle.c. (You should not need to modify Makefile and you must not modify src/circle.h.)

Submit using the command-line GSC client gsc(1). Instructions are available in the submit211(7) manual page on the Unix login and lab machines. To view the manual page, run:

  % man submit211